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JULY 2022

MILLENNIALS

WRITER'S RETREAT

WORLD JUSTICE Forum

Justice To One Justice To All

ISSUE 13 • JULY 2022

WORLD DAY FOR INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE - INTERNATIONAL TIGER DAY - NIKOLAS TESLA DAY - BIOGRAPHY - BOOK REVIEW - MARVEL OF HUMAN BRAIN & MIND - FINANCE & INVESTMENT- QUICK BITES - SPORTS - TRAVEL WITH OWR



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WORLD DAY FOR INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE

JUSTICE TO ONE, JUSTICE TO ALL

- by Adv. Ravisha

To the stamp remembrance of the adoption of the Rome Statute on July 17 1988 as a postulate to fight against impunity and carrying out justice for victims of war crimes, crimes against genocide and humanity, World Day International for Justice is tokened on July 17. The day becomes more special as on the same day International Criminal Court (ICC)

was founded which continues to evolve into the global court the world demands.

The ICC is an effective, fair and independent Court that sets global justice



UN Security Council / The Elders urge member states to take action at UN to prevent mass atrocities

08 MAY 2018

The Elders

Related countries

Brazil
South Africa
India

Topics UN Security Council

Source:- www.coalitionfortheicc.org

standards. remains free from all political interference. and delivers meaninaful justice to victims of conflicts throughout the world. ICC does not hesitate to call member upon the to be countries delicate or take action on policies of the UN Security Council which are essential for the world's just and peace of the one in notifications of 2018, UN Security Council called the upon member's state to take UN at to action prevent mass atrocities. India was amongst the member states that were called upon.

WORLD DAY FOR INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE









WORLD JUSTICE FORUM

The World Justice Forum is the premier international event for maintaining the rule of law and convening hundreds of government, non-governmental, business leaders and experts from broad disciplines and geographies to discuss problems the world is facing. The worldwide pandemic had worsened this vision of the forum as a consequence there was a lack of just, and accountable governance for all open, Communities began to fall behind the ambitious goal to "leave no one behind," as ensured by the Sustainable Development Goals, adopted by all governments in 2015. Nevertheless, the epidemic brought to the surface, in particular, has revealed long-standing structural inequalities and governance flaws that jeopardise the growth of individual countries.

THE WORLD JUSTICE CHALLENGE -THE HAGUE, NETHERLANDS

The World Justice Forum organises a global-level competition, The World Justice Challenge. The Challenge is a global prize competition to identify, recognize, and promote good practices and highimpact projects and policies that protect and advance the rule of law. The World Justice Forum 2022 took place from May 30 – June 3, 2022, in The Hague, Netherlands and online. The World Justice Competition 2022, allows governmental, and nongovernmental, individuals to be participants in the challenge and this year the Competition focused on major concerns –

- Access to Justice (Winner- Cambodia Bridge of Justice - Cambodia)
- Anti Corruption and Open Government (Winner-Transparency Information Technology Inciataive – Nigeria)
- Equal Rights and Non-Discrimination (Winner- Red Dot Foundation & The Urban Vision - India)
- Alumni Vote (Winner- POS Foundation- Ghana)

INTERNATIONAL TIGER DAY

TIGER ROARING FOR SURVICE

-by Nitish

If you look around, you will be mesmerised by the beauty of nature around us. The fluttering wings of butterflies, the melody of chirping birds, the croaking of frogs and the sound of crickets in rainy seasons. But what if all these are replaced with remnants of concrete jungles and the honking of motor cars. Human cruelty has led to the disappearance of splendid beauty around us and one such primary concern is the vanishing of tigers. Tigers are the biggest living cat on the planet and are well known as *"Gentleman of the Jungle"* and these gentlemen are on the verge of extinction for the sake of the pretence of human bravery. India, which is home to *Royal Bengal Tiger* with the largest tiger population in the world was left with less than 268 tigers. Tiger is a stealth attacker weight of around 300 kg. But instead of having such heavy weight they are very agile and can run up to 60km/hr. Tigers which are endangered species by **IUCN (International Union of Conservation of Nature)** were killed and hunted by Maharajas and nobles.

At the beginning of the 20th century, there were approximate 20000-40000 tigers in India but their population declined rapidly due to illegal poaching for skins, loss of habitat, scarcity of prey and human-animal conflicts. Project Tiger was launched in 1973 from *Jim Corbett National Park* in a constant effort to protect the tigers. Thanks to all the concerned people whose efforts there was abundant growth in the population of tigers with 2967 tigers in India according to the 2018 population census with a maximum population in the state of Madhya Pradesh.

The coexistence with nature is indispensable for the survival of this planet but with rapid urbanisation and indistinct acts, we have almost forgotten its importance. It's high time we should understand and protect not only tigers but every species of the planet.

WORLD OF WORDS

8

WORLD OF WORDS

(n) ad·ver·sary

- by Adv. Ravisha

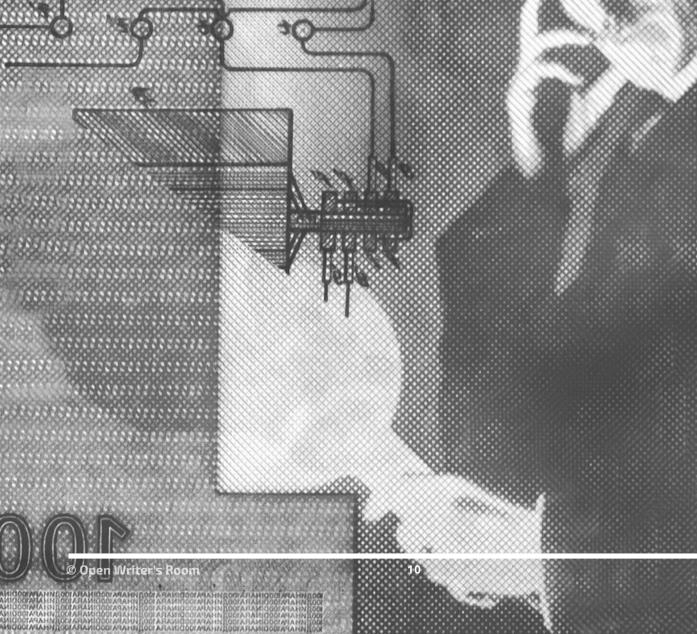
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Adversary is derived from the term adverse, which means "against opposed," or so consider an adversary to be someone with whom you are battling against. Generally, in sports for instance tennis, you stand across the net from your adversary. The word adversary comes from Middle English adversarie, which comes from Latin adversarius, which comes from adversus "against." To say in a sentence it can be, You can't have this kind of shared understanding if writer and reader are in an adversary relationship.

The word adversary can be substituted with- antagonist, opponent, opposer, resister.

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NIKOLAS TESLA DAY



NIKOLA TESLA — A FORGOTTEN GENIUS

-by Nitish

"I DON'T CARE THAT THEY STOLE MY IDEA . I CARE THAT THEY DON'T HAVE ANY OF THEIR OWN"

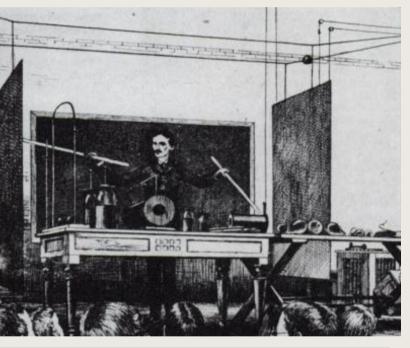
— NIKOLA TESLA



Nicola Tesla.

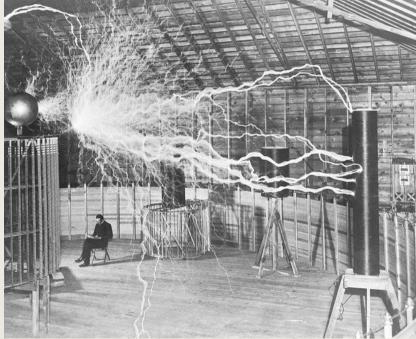
ith the advent of civilisation, many scientists have done innumerable contrib--utions to science which have made human life easy and the world a wonderful place to live in. Albert Einstein, Thomas Alva Edison, Issac Newton and many more. But very few know about Nikola Tesla. A scientist who was beyond time and was deeply engrossed to understand the mystery of Nature and Science. Born on 10th July 1856 in Smijan Croatia Nikola Tesla devoted his whole life to Scientific inventions & welfare of mankind. He physicist, mechanical engineer and was a electrical engineer and is said to have a photographic memory. The invention of the AC current which revolutionised the world is credited to Nikola Tesla. The Decade 1880-90 was the Year of the Electricity war between AC over DC. DC current which was discovered by Edison has several shortcomings and it can't transmit electricity more than half a mile. This was rectified by Nikola Tesla by the discovery of AC current.

Also, It was the idea of Nikola Tesla to utilize the power of the waterfall to generate electricity and in 1895, Tesla and industrialist George Westinghouse created the first hydroelectric power plant at Niagra Fall. In 1891 Tesla made the Tesla coil which produced high Voltage, and low current with high-frequency electric current which is used in Radio transmission, television and other wireless electronic transmissions. He designed a tower which could have been used for wireless Electricity transmission and If it would have been successful we would have been ahead 100 years from now. But his investor JP Morgan withdraw when he came to know that Tesla wanted to distribute free electricity. Another magical invention was a small boat which was made by Tesla in 1898 which was guided by a remote. The technology of Guided missiles, Robotics and Remote-controlled drones has been developed by Tesla in this single experiment. Although the invention of the Radio is credited to Marconi but it is said to be based on the idea of Tesla.

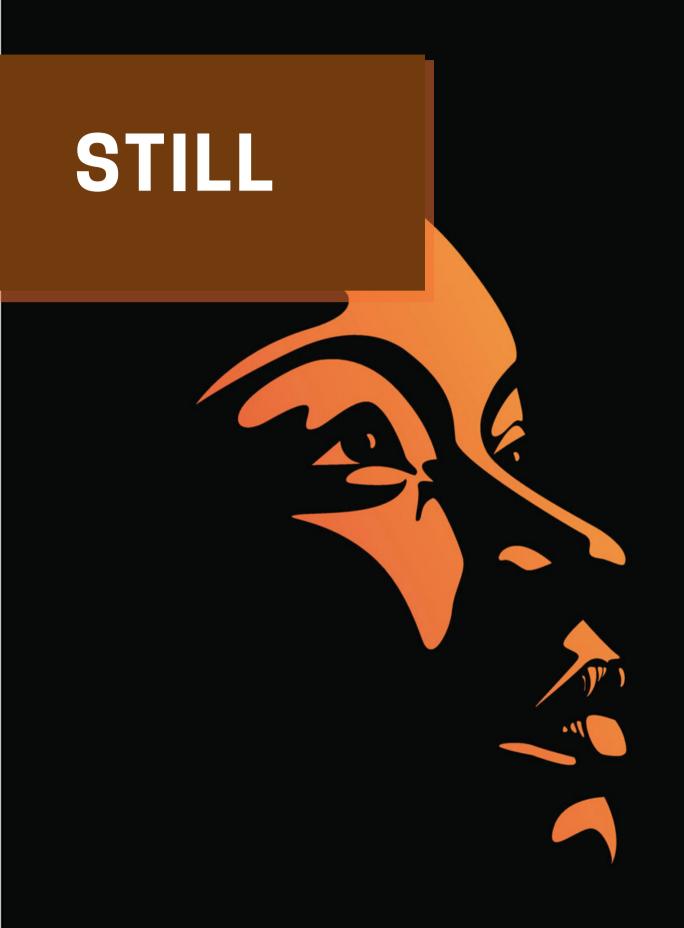


In 1891 at Columbia College Tesla demonstrated wireless lighting by "electrostatic induction" via two long Geissler tubes in his hands.

Many works of Tesla reminded unnoticed and couldn't get patented due to which he faced poverty but he was truly devoted to science rather being a successful businessman. Although we are not too aware of Tesla and his works, but his contribution to science is numerous.



Tesla sitting next to his "magnifying transmitter" generating millions of volts.



उम्मीद, शब्द जितना छोटा हैं, अर्थ समझना उतना ही मुश्किल, जब हम छोटे होते है तब हमारा मन एक पिंजड़े के जैसे होता हैं जिसमें उम्मीद नाम की बहुत सारी चिड़िया रहती हैं, लेकिन जैसे जैसे हम बड़े होते होते जाते हैं वो पीजड़ा खाली होता जाता हैं। जब हमारी उम्र बढ़ती हैं तब हमे बताया जाता हैं कि दुनिया उम्मीदों से नहीं बल्कि अपने हिम्मत पे चलती हैं लेकिन हमारी हिम्मत उस समय कहां चली जाती हैं जब हम किसी मुश्किल में होते हैं?



मैं भी ऐसे ही कुछ किस्सों को सुन के बड़ा हुआ, थोड़ा जिद्दी और गुस्से वाला लड़का जो बस खुद पर विश्वास और मेहनत से अपनी दुनिया बनाने की हिम्मत रखता । जब भी कोई बोलता उम्मीद रखो सब ठीक हो जायेगा तो मैं गुस्सा में उससे बोलता कि उम्मीद से कुछ नहीं होता, करने से होता हैं लेकिन एक दिन मेरे साथ कुछ ऐसा हुआ जो मुझे और मेरे अंदर के हिम्मत को सोचने पे मजबुर कर दिया।

मेरी तबियत कुछ ठीक नहीं थी तो मैं अस्पताल गया, और कुछ बेसिक जांच करवाई और अपनी रिपोर्ट्स का इंतजार वेटिंग एरिया में कर रहा था लेकिन मेरे अंदर का इंसान बैठना नहीं चाहता था तो मैं ग्राउंड फ्लोर पर ही घूमने लगा,

उम्मीद

~ सुधांशु



किसी से उम्मीद करना अच्छी बात होती हैं, लेकिन किसी की उम्मीद बनाना बहुत बड़ी बात होती हैं।



लोग हॉस्पिटल में पहली बार आए थे वो लोग हेल्प डेस्क पर बैठी लड़की से अपने डॉक्टर का फ्लोर नंबर पूछ रहे थे क्योंकि इतना बड़ा हॉस्पिटल हैं कौन सा डॉक्टर किस फ्लोर पर बैठता हैं कुछ पता नहीं चलता हैं एक चाचा जी बहुत चिंतित थे पूछने पर पता चला कि उनके डॉक्टर साहब तो आज आए नहीं, लेकिन शायद कल उनके डॉक्टर साहब अस्पताल आएंगे।

कुछ लोग बिलिंग एरिया में पैसे पानी की तरह दिए जा रहा थे ताकि उनका मरीज जल्दी से जल्दी ठीक हो सके, तभी मेरी नजर एक लड़के पर गई(जो उम्र में मुझसे बड़े थे) जो बहुत ज्यादा घबराया हुआ थे इतने में कलेक्शन काउंटर में बैठे लड़के ने बोला सर जल्दी करिए और भी लोग हैं तो भईया बोले – बॉस अभी पूरे पैसे तो हैं नहीं शाम तक हो जाएंगे तब दे दूंगा, तब लड़के ने जवाब दिया – कोई बात नहीं सर आप शाम को आना और बिलिंग करवा लेना।

थोड़ा आगे जाने पर ब्लड बैंक के तरफ लोग बैठे हुए थे, तभी एक लड़की आई कुछ स्लिप लिए हुए वहा डेस्क नजदीक खड़े लड़के को स्लिप देते हुए बोली कि –"सर डॉक्टर ने अर्जेंट ब्लड लाने को बोला हैं, तो लड़के ने स्लिप देखा और फिर बोला –"मैडम आपको 4 यूनिट ब्लड की जरूरत हैं, आप ऐसा करो चार लोगो को ले आओ, तब लड़की बड़ी अचंभित होते बोली मेरे पास पैसे हैं, आप जितना चाहिए उतना लेलो।

तब लड़का थोड़ा झल्लाते हुए बोला – "मैडम ब्लड बैंक में पहले ब्लड देना होता हैं फिर पैसे उसके बाद आपको ब्लड मिलेगा इसलिए आप चार लोगों को ले आओ क्योंकि आपको 4 यूनिट ब्लड चाहिए" लड़की कुछ सोचने लगी और फिर थोड़ा घबरा के बोली कि हम सिर्फ 2 ही लोग हैं आप 2-2 यूनिट लेलो सर, लड़का स्लिप लेके अंदर चला गया फिर कुछ देर बाद एक डॉक्टर के साथ आया तब डॉक्टर ने लड़की को समझाया की मैडम आप समझो हम एक व्यक्ति से सिर्फ एक यूनिट ही ब्लड ले सकते हैं और आपसे तो वो भी ना ले पाए क्योंकि आपतो अंदर वेट हों, लड़की सोच में पड़ गई बिना कुछ बोले वो स्लिप डॉक्टर लेली और वहां से चली गई, ब्लड बैंक के ठीक दूसरी तरफ बड़ी सी कैंटीन हैं जहां आप बहुत सारे अच्छे जंग फूड, आइसक्रीम, बेवरेजेस इत्यादि खा पी सकते हैं।

तभी मेरे फोन में मैसेज आया की आपकी रिपोर्ट्स आ गई हैं मैं रिपोर्ट लेने के लिए काउंटर के तरफ चला गया रिपोर्ट्स लिया और फिर लिफ्ट से l2वी मंजिल पर जाने के लिए लाइन में लग गया, तभी मेरा ध्यान एक बड़े से कमरे की तरफ गया जिसमें ढेर सारे छोटे छोटे छिद्र थे, उन छिद्रों से एक रोशनी आती थी जो ऐसा लगता था कि जैसे कही अनंत से आती हों, लोग उस रोशनी के सामने सर झुकाते और बगल में रखे बड़े कटोरे से उठा के लाल रक्षा बांध देते। उससमय मुझे कुछ नहीं समझ आया और मैं

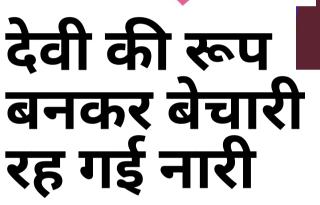


रिपोर्ट लेके 12वी मंजिल पर डॉक्टर को दिखाने चला गया, डॉक्टर ने रिपोर्ट्स देखी और फिर मेरी तरफ देखा और पूछा की मरीज कौन हैं? मेरा जवाब बिल्कुल सीधा था "मैं"।

डॉक्टर भी शायद एक बार सोच में पड़ गया, उसने मुझसे बोला की आपकी दोनों किडनी काम नहीं कर रही और आपको किडनी ट्रांसप्लांट कराने की जरूरत हैं, एक लोअर मिडिल कॉल्स का लड़का जो 21 साल का हों और उसकी किडनी अचानक से खराब हों जाए तो उसके परिवार का क्या होगा ये आप शायद अंदाजा ही लगा सकते हैं ।

पापा की आंखों में मैने पहली बार आंसू देखे थे वो चाह कर भी कुछ बोल नहीं पा रहे थे फिर मैंने डॉक्टर से पूछा कि इसका कोई और इलाज़ नहीं हैं, तब डॉक्टर ने बताया कि - नहीं आपको किडनी ट्रांसप्लांट ही कराना होगा, मैने फिर डॉक्टर से पूरी जानकारी ली , तब थोड़ी राहत हुई की मैं ठीक हो जाऊंगा लेकिन पापा ने एक जिम्मेदारी वाला सवाल डॉक्टर से पूछा कि – "इसके ठीक होने के चांस कितना हैं" फिर डॉक्टर ने बोला कि हमलोग तो सिर्फ अपना काम करेंगे बाकी ऊपर वाले से उम्मीद बनाए रखो सब ठीक हो जायेगा।

मैंने सोचा एक डॉक्टर जो करीब 15 साल से सिर्फ यही काम कर रहे हैं, मैं गिन भी नहीं सकता कि कितने मेरे जैसे मरीज को इन्होंने ठीक किया होगा, जब ये उम्मीद कर सकते हैं तो मैं क्यों नहीं?



~ कृष्ण कांत त्रिपाठी

"यत्र नार्यस्तु पूज्यन्ते रमन्ते तत्र देवताः" उपर्युक्त पंक्तियां भारतवर्ष के प्रत्येक घर में किसी न किसी संदर्भ में जरूर प्रयोग हो जाता है। यहां जन्म से हीं लड़कियों को ऐसा महसूस कराया जाता है कि वो पुरुषों से अलग हैं उन्हें ऐसे रहना चाहिए, ये करना चाहिए और ये नहीं करना चाहिए। ऐसे तमाम नियम कायदे कानून समझाकर उन्हें यह एहसास करा देते हैं कि वास्तव में वह देवी की हीं रूप हैं।

भारत में किसी के अस्तित्व को नकारने का सबसे आसान तरीका है उसे मसीहा या देवता बना देना, क्योंकि जिंदगी के एक पड़ाव पर हर एक शख़्स कहीं न कहीं नास्तिकता को अख्तियार करता है और उस स्थिति में वह सीधे

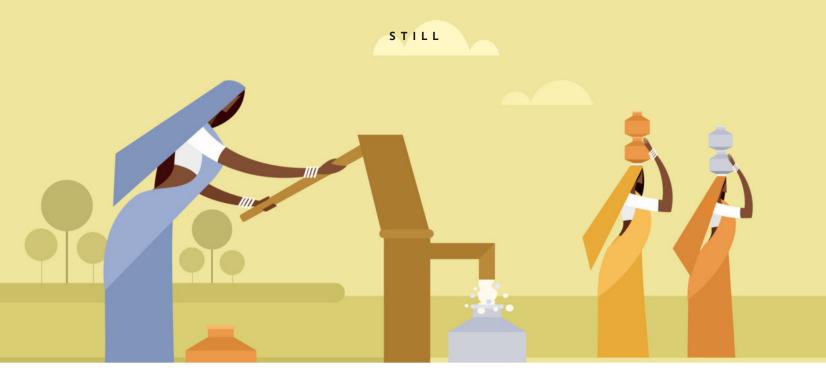


तौर पर ईश्वर के अस्तित्व पर सवाल खड़ा करता है। नारियों को भी देवी का रूप बनाकर समाज ने उनके मानव अधिकारों को छिनने में कोई कसर नहीं छोड़ा।

समय की पाबंदियों में जकड़कर टूटते हैं हर रोज ख़्वाब

ईश्वर के दर्शन बड़े दुर्लभ होते हैं, चाहकर भी आप हर वक्त ईश्वर के दर्शन नहीं कर सकते हैं और ईश्वर चाहते हुए भी आपको दर्शन नहीं दे सकते हैं क्योंकि ईश्वर पुजारियों/ पादरियों/मौलवियों के अधीन हैं। शायद यही वजह है कि लड़कियों के लिए भी समय की भरपूर पाबंदियां लगाई गईं क्योंकि वो भी तो देवी के रूप हैं। तो जायज़ है कि वो भी सामाजिक शुभचिंतकों के विचारों के अधीन होंगी। समय की पाबंदी ने नारियों को इस कदर जकड़ रखा है कि वो पंख होते हुए भी उड़ नहीं सकती हैं। वो हर रोज अपने सपनों को जमींदोज कर देती हैं। वो खुली हवा में लंबी उड़ान भरना चाहती हैं परंतु आकाश में विचरण कर रहे बाज रूपी सामाजिक पाबंदियों से डरकर घोंसले से बाहर नहीं निकल पाती हैं।

STILL



ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में और ज्यादा पिछड़ी हुई हैं देवियां

ऐसा प्रायः सुना और पढा जाता है कि गांव के लोगों के अंदर प्रेम और सहानुभूति शहरी लोगों की तुलना में कहीं ज्यादा होती है। ऐसा वास्तव में मैं कई दफा अनुभव भी किया हूं, मगर नारी के मामले में प्रेम और सहानुभूति समाप्त हो जाती है यह भी कडवा सच है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कई लडकियों को पढाई से इसलिए वंचित रख दिया जाता है क्योंकि वह अपने हीं किसी क्लास के बच्चे से कुछ बात कर ली थी। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लडकियों को शिक्षा से इसलिए भी दूर रखा जाता है कि पढ लिख लेगी तो अपने मन से शादी करेगी। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में लडकियों को शिक्षा से इसलिए दूर रख दिया जाता है क्योंकि वह पढ लिख लेगी तो अपने अधिकारों को जान जायेगी और अपने अधिकारों के खातिर पुरुष प्रधान समाज के खिलाफ बगावत शुरू कर देगी। इन्हीं तमाम कारणों का परिणाम है कि जहां शहरी क्षेत्रों में उच्च शिक्षा के लिए महिलाओं का नामांकन 22 प्रतिशत है तो वहीं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में उच्च शिक्षा के लिए नामांकन मात्र 5 प्रतिशत है।

बेटी बचाओ बेटी पढ़ाओ आंदोलन भी बस बेटी बचाओ तक रह गया सीमित

वक्त के साथ कुरीतियां बदल जाती हैं ऐसा इतिहास में पढ़ते आ रहे हैं, बाल विवाह, सती प्रथा, विधवा विवाह ऐसी तमाम कुरीतियां थीं जो समय के साथ समाप्त हो गईं। परंतु नारी शिक्षा की समस्या ज्यों की त्यों बनी हुई है।

शिक्षा से भी वंचित रह जाती हैं आधुनिक देवियां

अत्यधिक सम्मान भी मीठा जहर का रूप धारण कर लेता है जो व्यक्ति को धीरे धीरे ख़त्म कर देता है। लड़कियों को प्रदत्त यह ईश्वरीय सम्मान भी कहीं न कहीं उनके लिए मीठे जहर का हीं कार्य कर रहा है जिसका परिणाम है कि उनके अधिकारों को छीनकर उन्हें पंगु बना दिया जाता है। जिसके बाद वह ताउम्र अपने घर से लेकर ससुराल चले जाने तक सिर्फ और सिर्फ घर के काम काज करने वाली दाई बनकर रह जाती हैं। दिनभर काम करने के बाद रात को थक हारकर अपनी किस्मत पर रोती हैं और फिर सुबह उसी दिनचर्या में लग जाती हैं। यह सतत प्रक्रिया तब तक जारी रहती है जब तक कोई और नई देवी अपने सपने को बलि चढ़ाकर यही कार्य करने के लिए बेटे से ब्याहकर ससुराल न आ जाए।

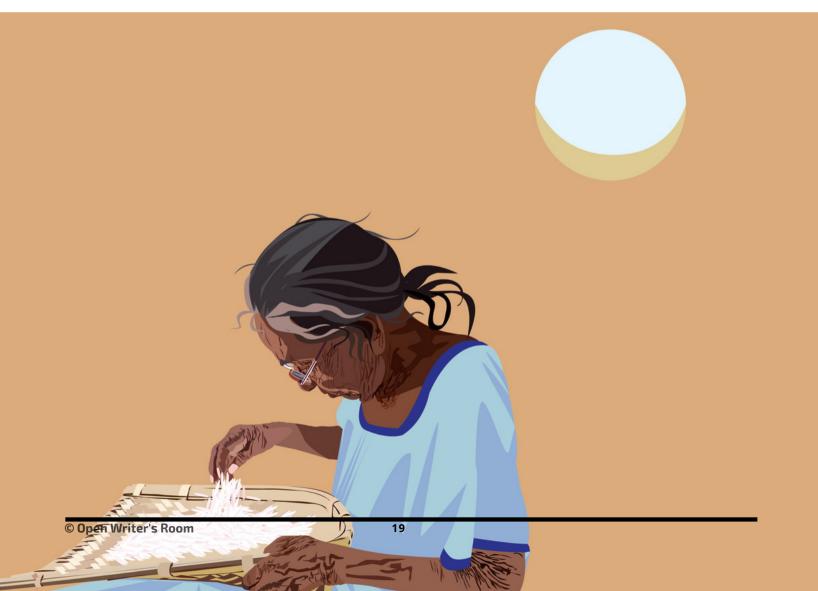
घर हीं तो संभालना है क्या करोगी पढ़कर

इक्कीसवीं सदी में जब दुनिया चांद पर पहुंच चुकी है। विज्ञान अपने सबसे उच्चतम विकास पर है, मेडिकल के क्षेत्र में हर रोग का ईलाज निजात हो रहा है उस दौर में भी लड़कियों के लिए यह विचार स्वीकार्य है कि तुम्हें तो घर हीं सभालना है क्या करोगी पढ़कर..

यह विचार कहीं न कहीं नारी सशक्तिकरण और समानता के अधिकार के साथ सबसे भद्दा मज़ाक है मगर दुर्भाग्यवश भारत में यह मज़ाक सबको स्वीकार है और अधिकांश घरों में यह लागू भी किया जाता है। हालांकि ऐसा भी नहीं की सरकारों ने कोशिश नहीं किया परंतु उनकी कोशिश कागजों से उतरकर जमीन पर नहीं आ पाई।भारत के प्रथम प्रधानमंत्री पंडित जवाहरलाल नेहरू ने कहा था कि "**आप किसी राष्ट्र में महिलाओं की स्थिति देखकर उस राष्ट्र के हालात बता सकते हैं।**" यह सम्भव है उनके मन की पीड़ा थी जो शब्दों के माध्यम से निकल पड़ीं मगर यह सबसे बड़ा दुर्भाग्य है कि आज़ादी के पचहत्तर वर्षों बाद भी राष्ट्र के हालात ज्यों के त्यों हैं और सरकारें आज भी बेटियों को पढ़ाने से पहले उन्हें बचाने का नारा दे रही हैं।

देवी के रूप के बजाय सिर्फ नारी मानकर हीं उन्हें पढ़ा लिखा दिया जाए तो संवर सकता है इनका जीवन

नारी सम्मान जायज़ है, होना चाहिए, लेकिन सम्मान में करुणा के भाव छुपे हों तो कहीं न कहीं चिंता का विषय है। जब एक तरफ हम समानता के अधिकार की बात करते हैं और दूसरी तरफ़ नारी है कमजोर होगी की अवधारणा बनाकर चलते हैं तो कहीं न कहीं हम समानता के अधिकार का उपहास उड़ा रहे होते हैं। विश्व साक्षरता दर की बात किया जाए तो 2011 के जनगणना के अनुसार औसत साक्षरता दर 79.7% जबकि भारत में महिला साक्षरता दर 64.46 % है जो औसत से भी काफी कम है। आंकड़ों की बात करें तों 2018 के आंकड़े के अनुसार 15 से 18 आयुवर्ष की 39.4 % लड़कियां किसी भी शिक्षण संस्थान में नामांकित नहीं हैं। यह या तो गृहणी के कार्य में लगी हुई हैं या फिर भिक्षा टन करके अपना जीवन यापन कर रही हैं। भारत में 145 मिलियन महिलाएं आज भी पढ़ने लिखने में असमर्थ हैं। आजादी के पचहत्तर वर्षों बाद भी यह आंकड़े काफ़ी डरावने हैं। यदि वास्तव में समाज नारी सशक्तिकरण और नारी सम्मान को लेकर गंभीर है तो यह अति आवश्यक हो जाता है कि लड़कियों को देवी का रूप बनाने के बजाय उन्हें पढ़ा लिखाकर सशक्त बनाए और उनके समानता के अधिकार का रक्षा करे।



MARVELS OF HUMAN BODY & MIND

THE FIGHT AGAINST DISEASE THE FIRST ANAESTHETICS

- Dr. Navkiran Panesar

The use of anaesthetics to relieve pain in surgery was pioneered by US dentists. The first man to use nitrous oxide (Laughing Gas ?) as an anaesthetic successfully was Horace Wells, a Connecticut dentist, who used the gas to pioneer the painless extraction of teeth in 1844. Two years later, William Morton, a Boston dentist and a pupil of Wells, constructed the first anaesthetic machine.

Morton's simple device consisted of a glass globe housing an ether-soaked sponge; the patient inhaled the vapour through one of its outlets.

Morton's invention was put to test in 1846, in the surgical amphitheatre of the Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston. A 20-year-old man was successfully anaesthetised so that a tumour on his jaw could be removed painlessly.

News of the success spread quickly and, within a year surgeons around the world were using the new technique.







कविशाला

तुम ऐसा क्यों करते हो ?

इतने असरदार हो तुम, फिर क्यों इतना अलग अलग चलते हो ऐ इश्क़, हमें तो तुमसे कोई गिला भी नहीं फिर क्यों हमसे तुम इस कदर जलते हो!

मासूम लोग और खुशमिजाज दिल, ये सब निशाने हैं तुम्हारे जितनी मासूमियत होती है, उतनी बेरहमी से कुचलते हो!

फक़त इश्क़ का ही नहीं, मोहब्बत का भी ख्याल करो तुम, खुशबुओं के माली हो और फूलों को मसलते हो!

शायरों की महफिलें और बेवफाओं की बस्तियाँ, ये सब ठिकाने हैं तुम्हारे निकल कर दिल से इनके, इनकी शायरी में रहते हो!

जो वफ़ा के बदले करे सिर्फ और सिर्फ बेवफाई ही आकर उसी पर ना जाने तुम क्यों फिसलते हो!

वो भोलापन, वो नादानी, वो किताबों सा खुला होना तुम चुन चुन कर एक एक खूबी आहिस्ता से निगलते हो

> फुर्सत हो कभी गर तो बैठो, बतलाओ किसी दिन ऐ इश्क़, तुम इतने प्यारे हो, फिर ऐसा क्यों करते हो? तुम ऐसा क्यों करते हो?

> > - सौरभ

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FACTUAL FACTS

MIYAZAKI Mangoes

The Most Expensive Mangoes Beyond Your Imagination

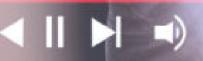


India is the home of numerous varieties of the "King of Fruits" including Bainganpalli, Himsagar, Dussehri, Alphonso, Langda, and Malda mangoes, are grown in India. India is a significant global exporter of fresh mangoes. But do you know about Miyazaki mangoes, it is the most expensive variety of mango.

The best Miyazaki Mangoes are marketed and sold under the name "Eggs of Sunshine" or "Taiyo-no-Tomago." The Miyazaki mango's skin has a flaming red colour and truly resembles a gigantic dinosaur egg rather than green or yellow. Every mango must meet certain requirements, including those related to weight, sugar content, colour, and shape. The Miyazaki mango is reportedly required to weigh at least 350g and have a sugar level of 15% or more.

Miyazaki Mango is said to be a premium fruit and one of the most expensive ones sold in Japan. The price starts from Rs. 8,600/- and can go up to Rs. 2.7 lakhs for a box of two mangoes. Well, the purple-coloured mango or the Miyazaki mango is the world's most expensive mango cultivated in Miyazaki city in Japan. However, now it is been cultivated in India and Bangladesh as well.

REVIEW







If nostalgia and comfort would be a show, it would be this one. The show came out in 2015 but takes one back to a time when many of us were not even born, which is the year 1988. It is a beautiful take on the lives of children known as boomer babies born in the 70s and who are teenagers by the time its late 80s. This show takes one to travel the simpler times when families lived together and children played together and there was a strong bond shared with one's neighbours as if they are one's, extended family.



If nostalgia and comfort would be a show, it would be this one. The show came out in 2015 but takes one back to a time when many of us were not even born, which is the year 1988. It is a beautiful take on the lives of children known as boomer babies born in the 70s and who are teenagers by the time its late 80s. This show takes one to travel the simpler times when families lived together and children played together and there was a strong bond shared with one's neighbours as if they are one's, extended family. The story is related to the Ssangmun-dong area of Seoul where all the families live, during dinner time they all send their kids to their neighbour's house with food and in a way they share their meals. The sets are

amazingly crafted, it doesn't feel as if it's unreal. All the kids go to the house of the eldest girl among them, Unni who's in college, to study on Sundays. One of the five teenagers is a master of Go Game (a game similar to chess) and goes off to China and Japan frequently for his matches.

The show handles very well issues like depression and loss of family members, illnesses and its impact on families and how little things in everyday life affect us. The story has some endearing parts as well like where all the mothers of the neighbourhood decide to participate in a national singing competition. The show portrays the innocence of people in that time, that how the mothers visit a shaman in order to know whether their kids will do well in the college entrance exams.

The struggles that teenagers go through are also depicted in a very sensible way. This makes the show even more relatable as one remembers the teenage years when watching the show. They are struggling with their grades and are wondering if they will do well in college entrance, some of them are going through their first heartbreaks while others are dealing with issues of their own. But this show also gives one hope that in the end everything goes well and everyone figures out their path in their own time and pace.

Reply 1988 is a great show if starting off with Korean dramas. This show is also relatable for Indians as it makes us realise that weren't much different from each other, at the core we share the same values. From 1988 to 2022 we've achieved much but at the same time we've lost many things on the way and forgotten about a lot of things, this show is a kind reminder to take a break and relive those good old simpler days.



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BIOGRAPHY



MEN ECONOMIC FORUM

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WOMEN ECONOMIC FORM

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ONE OF THE YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS OF INDIA

- by Adv. Ravisha

Climatic change has always been an issue of discussion and thoughts. Concluding conferences and forums with reforms may provide aid to deal with this stringent issue, perhaps cannot resolve it. The ground-level actions are the only resort to cure the situation. Moreover, things get way difficult for people who live in or around the agricultural field. During harvesting season, pollution levels shoot up because of wheat and rice husk which farmers generally burn up, causing air pollution making the wind more humid and uneasy to breathe.

Black clouds from these sacks of husks created a curiosity in a young girl from Chandigarh, Bisman Deu who researched the properties of rice husks in her small laboratory, which was her mother's kitchen. Her experimentation led to the creation of Green-Wood. Deu created a prototype of recycled wood, combined with rice husk with some resin, compressing this mixture into a stencil board. Green – wood is a low-cost building solution which can be an effective mode to switch to recycling wood framework.

Her invention earned her a place in UNICEF's State of the World's Children Report IN 2015 and won the best idea at Social Innovation Relay, an international competition that encourages social innovations among school students.

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FINANCE & INVESTMENT

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MUTAL FUNDS

"Returns matter a lot. It's our capital." — Abigail Johnson

Mutual funds are a pool of money collected from small investors to invest in various market instruments such as shares and bonds. Mutual funds are a relatively safer investment option in comparison to equities because mutual funds are managed by qualified funds managers who have a vast experience in the market and a whole bunch of knowledge required to deal with the fluctuations and volatilities of the stock market.

These are considered to be safer investment options because the fund's manager also has to invest in the fund along with other stakeholders. It provides a safety caution to every investor.

A big question arises is 'Mutual Fund Kitne Sahi Hai?'

To answer that a very simple explanation could be that a mutual fund is a market instrument which is curated in such a way that it beats the inflation with market movement and provides good returns bearing the least risk element involved. A fund manager is there, and usually, a good fund house that is managing the fund is also there. They all pose a collective effort to minimise the risk and maximise the gains but still how much is it right as our investment options. "It's not how much money you make, but how much money you keep."

— Robert Kiyosaki

Mutual funds today have gained popularity because it is an option that provides something to every bunch of investors. For youngsters, there are small-cap. Mid-cap funds come with chances of higher than the average market return. For investors seeking the safety of funds, there are debt funds which provide safety of investments and moderate returns than Bank FDR's. There are hybrid funds with features of both the funds. These are sector-specific funds for those who have an interest in one particular sector such as IT funds, infrastructure funds, Banking funds etc. It has a lot to offer specially to novices who have the least knowledge of the stock market and its instruments. It provides better than a return conventional options and provides a variety of options to choose from according to the suitability of every individual depending on his socioeconomic-geo-political status.

These are a few key points that always need to be checked while opting for Mutual Fund-

1. The expense ratio is to be checked because it is the fee that is charged for managing the fund.

2. Entry and exit load fee for entering and exiting within a time frame. (Entry loads are usually not in Fad these days)

3. Taxes – STCG, and LTCG must be checked

4. Direct and Regular plans – Direct Plans are for those who know the pros and cons of any fund they are choosing whereas regular plans are those which involve a broker who suggests a plan suitable to clientele and for this job a commission is involved which is usually **1 to 1.2%** of the corpses. Direct Plans yield more returns in long term, regular plans suit our needs. In toto mutual funds are good investment instrument, that provides good returns depending on risk-taking capacity and market inflations and fund managers' efficiency and patience with investors.

If you are having these traits in your investment decisions then mutual funds "Apke Liye Sahi Hai". In the next edition, we will learn about "Discounting of Bill".



FINANCE AND INVESTMENT



LOANS AS A TAX SAVER

by Pooja

A loan is a form of financial help that in a way makes our life easy. It helps us avail facilities which otherwise we would have to wait for. How would you feel if I tell you that a Loan not only makes life easy it also helps in reducing the tax burden. The amount of interest paid can be claimed as a deduction on fulfilling.

<u>Home Loan</u>

Home is a basic necessity and the dream of most people and we get to fulfil this dream through loans. Home loan payment is spread over a long period of time, a good news with it is that for home loans deduction on the interest as well as principal amount is available. Benefits that come with a Home loan:

- The tax deduction can be claimed under section 80C. The maximum deduction allowed is limited to Rs. 150000.
- The tax deduction can be availed once the construction of the property is complete.
- Anyone who bought the property during the period between April 2014 and March 2015, can avail of the tax deduction on stamp duty and registration charges up to Rs. 150000.
- For first-time homeowners who have bought a property between April 2013 and March 2014, section 80EE of the Income Tax Act offers tax benefits of up to Rs.1,00,000.

- Section 24 of the Income Tax Act reduces the Income from house property by the amount of interest paid on a home loan when the loan is taken for purchase, renewal, reconstruction, repair, or construction purposes. Maximum deduction allowed U/s 24 is Rs.2,00,000.
- No maximum limit is applicable for deduction under Section 24 if the property is not selfoccupied. In case the reason for not staying on the property is something related to employment, business or profession, then the limit of 2 lacs remains applicable.

Education Loan

We do take education loans to complete our higher studies. That can even help to reduce the tax burden. Education Loans for higher and professional education are offered by various public and private sector banks.

Key points related to education loans:

- A deduction can be claimed under section 80E.
- 80E deduction can be claimed only if the loan is taken from the approved or financial institution
- Higher education loans are offered for courses that any individual decided to opt for after completing his or her senior secondary school level, in India or abroad
- Only the interest paid towards education loan repayment is eligible for a tax deduction
- Tax benefits on education loans can be availed for the full loan repayment period or for a maximum of 8 years, whichever is earlier
- There is no limit on the maximum interest amount that you can claim a tax deduction on
- Deduction for education loan interest can be claimed only by an individual on whose name the education loan has been availed
- Tax benefit on education loan is applicable only if the repayment of the loan has already been started by the loan borrower
- Almost all education loans in India come with a moratorium period which is usually 1 year or 6 months after the student gets a job. Interest during the moratorium period gets accrued and is taken into account when the final monthly loan instalment is calculated by the lending bank.

<u>Car Loans</u>

Cars come under the category of luxury items and as such no tax benefit is offered to customers who avail car or auto loan for the purchase of a vehicle.

Few significant points:

- Car loans availed by individual customers do not offer any tax benefit
- Car loans availed by self-employed individuals for vehicles that are used for commercial purposes are eligible for tax deduction under section 80C of the Income Tax Act

<u>Personal Loans</u>

Personal loans availed by customers are eligible for tax exemption only if the loan is sought for business purposes. Other than this specific case, personal finance does not offer any form of tax rebate to customers.



DREE FESTIVAL



Arunachal Ziro district of Pradesh celebrates an auspicious festival on 5th July every year. Ziro is the home of a tribe known as the Apatani celebrates tribe, who significant agriculture festival of Arunachal Pradesh well known as the Dree Festival. Dree festival is characterised by sacrifice offerings and prayers. Dree is commemorated to bring а prosperous harvest season,

therefore Apatani prays to the four Gods they worship: Tamu, Harniang, Metii, and Danyi. This three-day agricultural celebration is joyfully celebrated with traditional women's and children's clothing.

The ceremony begins with the offering of Apong (local rice beer) to the gods, followed by the sacrifice of fowls that have also been smeared with Apong. The Mithoon is the last sacrifice, which is meticulously axed and then presented to the gods. Mithoon sacrifice was first practised in 1967, and it has continued since then. The next day, a communal feast is hosted at the Dree grounds, where people prepare the meat together and enjoy the meal.

The popular Apatani folk dance 'Daminda' takes over shortly



after the feast. It is a ceremonial welcome dance that is performed at the start and end of the Dree festival. The Dree Festival, however, does not conclude with the performance; dance i† continues with activities such as sports. Even their sports entail agricultural labour, such as going to the forest to cut down trees and bringing them back to the hamlet. However, because customs change over time, this sport is no longer performed.

Cucumber, Apong, and Yatang

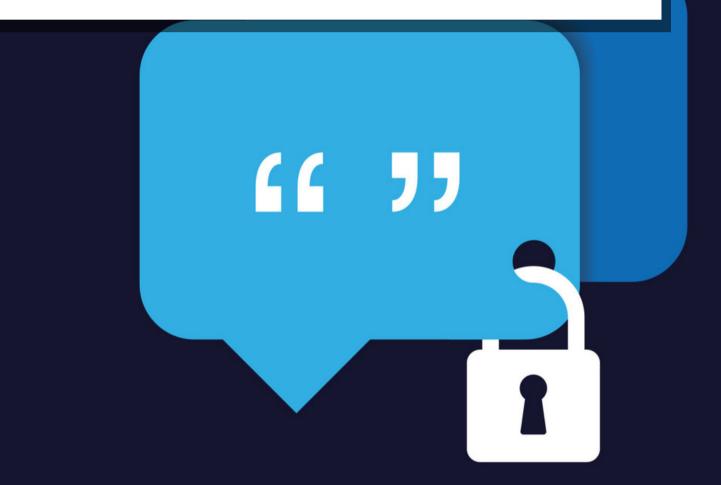


FESTIVAL

(rice pudding cooked in bamboo) are served as Prasad to everyone at the festival. The event comes to a close with Daminda, when everyone gathers and dances together, bringing a peaceful conclusion to the Apatanis' sacred holiday.

Dree festival is definitely an event that brings the people of an area closer together and promotes peace. The Apatanis have succeeded in keeping their traditions alive and honouring their ancestors and heritage with reverence, preserving their cultural legacy.

UNCOMMON ORIGINS OF COMMON EXPRESSION



LET THE CAT OUT OF THE BAG Lal Singh, Retd Chief Engineer(IMS)

At markets or at fairs in the old days, the customer had to be on guard against dishonest traders. A housewife, for instance, wanting to buy a piglet, might apparently be offered a discount if she bought a prepackaged one, sight unseen - tied up in a small sack ready for carrying-off with the rest of the shopping. This small sack was called poke (the word is related to pocket and pouch). Anyone who agreed to buy a piglet in a poke was naturally taking a risk: the piglet might be ill or even dead. Or it might turn out to be not a piglet at all. Some unscrupulous traders reputedly tied a stray cat in the sack instead. The careful purchaser, keen to inspect the sack before actually buying it would untie the top of the sack only to let the cat out of the bag. The expression duly entered general use in the sense of '**to reveal a trick or secret**'. Another possible origin of this phrase is the dishonest practice of selling mongrel puppies as thoroughbreds. Only when the puppy had grown somewhat and revealed its adult qualities would the owner discover its false pedigree.

SPORTS

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SPORTS

RacketlonAspatelonAspatelonAspatelonBy Ushayet

Ever wondered why a badminton player is good at table tennis, tennis and squash??

If you don't know the reason behind this then don't worry in this section you will get all your answers. So as from the name it is clear that racketlon is a sport somehow related to a racket.

Racketlon is a combination of four Table Tennis, Tennis. sports Badminton and Squash. And all these four sports have one thing in common which is Racket and this way it's named Racketlon. It is a great sport for all racket sports fans. In Racketlon a Player have to compete with his opponent in TABLE TENNIS, **TENNIS**, BADMINTON AND SQUASH in the same sequence. Each sport is 21 The player who got points. maximum points in all four sports was declared as the winner of Racketlon. This game requires a lot of physical and mental strength and also sometimes it becomes a fun-loving sport. Racketlon is open to all age groups of people anyone can participate and play, there is no restriction at all.

Racketlon originally comes from Finland and Sweden during the mid-1980s. Earlier it is known as Mailapelit in Finnish. After successfully hosting the 1st Mailapelit championship in 1986 it started spreading among neighbouring countries and becomes a famous sport there. Today it is regulated by the Federation Internationale de Racketlon (FIR).

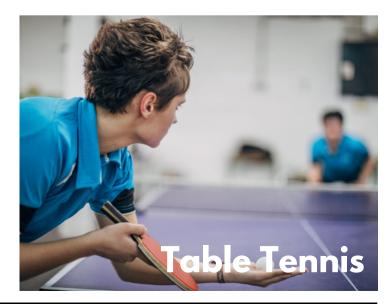
In the coming days, the FIR Racketlon world championship 2022 is going to be held in Austria.











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QUICK BITES

QUICK BITES

कॉर्न चीज़ कटलेट्स

-प्रतिष्ठा



अब तक आप सभी वेज कटलेट्स, पनीर कटलेट्स, खाया होगा। इस बार आप ये कॉर्न चीज़ कटलेट्स ट्राई करिये – बहुत ही क्रिस्पी व टेस्टी बनते हैं ये चीज़ कॉर्न कटलेट्स।

कॉर्न चीज़ कटलेट्स सामग्री-

- 4 उबले मैश किये हुए आलू
- 2 गाजर चॉप कियाँ हुआ
- 3 प्याज़ चॉप किया हुँआ
- 2 शिमला मिर्च चॉप किया हुआ
- 6 हरी मिर्च चॉप किया हुआ[ँ]

साथ में थोड़ा काली मिर्च पाउडर, थोड़ा चिल्ली फ्लेक्स, ऑरिगेनो, थोड़ा चॉप हरा धनिया व स्वादानुसार नमक, थोड़ा मोज़ेरेला चीज़ मिक्स करने के लिए। 1 पैकेट ब्रेड का ब्रेड क्रम्स बना लेंगें। थोड़ा मैदा या कॉर्न फ्लोर लेंगें बाइन्ड करने के लिए –

बनाने की विधि -

सबसे पहले आधा स्वीट कॉर्न मिक्सी जार में डाल कर उसको मैश कर लेंगे। उसके बाद उसको एक बड़े बाउल में निकाल लेंगे। फिर उसमे चॉप हुआ प्याज़, गाजर, शिमला मिर्च, उबला मैश किया आलू, कटी हरी मिर्च थोड़ा चिल्ली फ्लेक्स, काली मिर्च पाउडर, ओरिगैनो, मोज़ेरेला चीज़, थोड़ा ब्रेड क्रम्स, थोड़े साबुत स्वीट कॉर्न, हरा धनिया, लास्ट में स्वादानुसार नमक, इस सब चीज़ों को मिला के अच्छी तरह रख लेंगें फिर उसमे से थोड़ा थोड़ा सा हाथ में लेकर उसे हार्ट शेप या राऊंड शेप में कटलेट्स को आकार दे कर रख लेंगें। फिर मैदा या कॉर्न फ्लोर के घोल में डीप कर के फिर उसके ऊपर ब्रेड क्रम्स को लगाएंगे। फिर सरे कटलेट्स को डीप फ्राई करेंगे।

अब मस्त बारिश के मौसम में हरी धनिया की चटनी और गर्म – गर्म चाय के साथ इस कॉर्न चीज़ कटलेट्स का आनन्द उठाएंगे।

TRAVEL WITH OWR

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GLOWING MUSHROOM -GOA

Everyone dreams of Goa, and some of us make it possible. Enjoying the beach, night parties and live music attracts youngsters as well as gives a memorable memory of spending nights on the beach side with friends. What if I say that, most of us who visit Goa miss a mesmerising natural beauty from which James Cameron probably get inspired by that place and created the movie



Avtar, in which he presented a glowing jungle at night. Goa marks the same kind of glowing jungle looks straight out of the movie.

The enchantment is formed in the forest of Western Ghats' after the sun goes down. Mycena Genus Fungi is a kind of bioluminescent mushroom which glows in dark. But this mesmerising event can not be seen throughout the year. These bioluminescent mushrooms only appear during the monsoon season, from June to October. Visit these woodlands, particularly on rainy days when the magic is most powerful. These bright mushrooms dwell nearby on dead logs, twigs, and stumps.

Along the Western Ghats, you can find these bioluminescent mushrooms. The Mhadei Wildlife Sanctuary in Goa's Swapnagandha Valley is where you will get the best of witnessing the bioluminescent mushroom, but you can also locate it at Chorla Ghat, which is close to Panjim. These illuminated mushrooms may also be seen in Belgaum, Karnataka and West Jaintia Hills District, Meghalaya.

CREATIVE INDUSTRY

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E-COMMERCE - A NEW BEGINNING

By Ekta

Setting up an E-commerce store is easy. Just use a sales funnel and digital marketing to increase your reach. When starting out using organic marketing takes no money but your time. You must have a shopping cart where clients can check out their multiple orders and a sales funnel to collect their names and email addresses so you can build a relationship with them and have them come back to buy more.

Importance of E-commerce for Digital Content Markers

E-commerce has been around for quite a long time, but many people still don't seem to realize its importance and all the benefits that it brings. Many people prefer online shopping, and even those who plan on visiting physical stores to make a purchase tend to browse through different websites first to check products and compare prices.

Thus, e-commerce enables you to reach a global audience and increase your sales opportunities. Having an online store or an online marketplace make you available 24/7, and anyone can browse and buy your products anytime they want.

There are thousands of e-commerce websites out there, making it easy for people to buy anything they want from the comfort of their homes. Providing consumers with this convenience is the reason why the e-commerce industry keeps booming. And this is why you should start selling products online as soon as you can.

Moreover, e-commerce is a very cost-effective solution, since set up and running costs for an online store are very low. Furthermore, you can scale your business pretty quickly, and there's no need for more office space and more expenses. Pretty much everything works in your favour when you have an ecommerce store. There is a tonne of online shoppers, and you can provide every single customer with a seamless shopping experience

Publisher



Note From Founder & Editor

Writing is the best practice that never lets you downhearted in any exam or in civic life. Possession of writing or reading can pay you smart to fulfil all your wishes. Open Writer's Room encourages all writers or who are willing to publish their articles online and those who are searching to read a mixture of articles, poems, or short notes online.

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Chief Editor-Adv. Ravisha Mahajan

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